Item No. 8

APPLICATION NUMBER CB/18/01001/FULL

LOCATION 10 Copper Beech Way, Leighton Buzzard, LU7 3BD PROPOSAL Erection of one detached dwelling with parking

and access. Erection of detached garage to serve

10 Copper Beech Way.

PARISH Leighton-Linslade

WARD Leighton Buzzard North

WARD COUNCILLORS Clirs Johnstone, Spurr & Ferguson

CASE OFFICER Nicola Darcy
DATE REGISTERED 12 March 2018
EXPIRY DATE 07 May 2018
APPLICANT Mr F Marshall

AGENT Woods Hardwick Planning

REASON FOR Called in by Cllr Spurr on the grounds of:

COMMITTEE TO - Green Belt

DETERMINE - In a Conservation Area

RECOMMENDED

DECISION Full Application – Recommended for Approval

Summary of Recommendation

The proposal would not result in any appreciable adverse impact on the residential amenity of nearby properties and additional landscape improvement works to the existing access and estate road would be beneficial in terms of highway safety, and character of the area.

The site lies within the Green Belt and on balance, although inappropriate development, it is considered that very special circumstances have been demonstrated for the proposal for a dwellinghouse, having regard to the developed character of the majority of the locality, the lack of harm to openness, such that the development would be in conformity with The National Planning Policy Framework and policy BE8 of the South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review.

Site Location:

The application site is formed by the side garden of number 10 Copper Beech Way, Leighton Buzzard.

The site lies on the western side of the road and is flanked by a parcel of amenity land/public open space to the north and number 10 Copper Beech Way to the South.

The site lies within the South Bedfordshire Green Belt.

The Application:

The application seeks planning permission to erect a detached dwelling, the dwelling would be constructed over 2 levels with 4 bedrooms.

The existing garage which was for the use of 10 Copper Beech Way will be retained to serve the new dwelling; totalling three parking spaces for the new plot.

In addition, a detached garage would be built to serve No 10 Copper Beech Way.

Access onto the proposed site would be via the existing vehicular crossover to the northern tip onto Copper Beech Way. A new access would be formed to serve the existing dwelling.

RELEVANT POLICIES:

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (March 2012)

The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was published on July 2018 and replaced most of the previous national planning policy documents, PPGs and PPSs. The

following sections are considered directly relevant:

- 2. Achieving sustainable development
- 5. Delivering a sufficient supply of homes
- 9. Promoting sustainable transport
- 12. Achieving well-designed places
- 13. Protecting Green Belt land
- 15. Conserving and enhancing the natural environment

South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review

The NPPF advises of the weight to be attached to existing local plans for plans adopted

prior to the 2004 Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act, as in the case of the South

Bedfordshire Local Plan Review. Due weight can be given to relevant policies in existing

plans according to their degree of consistency with the framework. It is considered that

the following policies are broadly consistent with the Framework and significant weight

should be attached to them, with the exception of Policy GB3 in regard to village categories and policies BE6 and T10 which are afforded less weight.

SD1 Keynote Policy GB3 Green Belt Villages BE6 Area of Special Character BE8 Design Considerations T10 Parking - New Developments

Emerging Local Plan

Central Bedfordshire Local Plan - Emerging

The Central Bedfordshire Local Plan has reached submission stage and was submitted to the Secretary of State on 30 April 2018.

The National Planning Policy Framework (paragraph 216) stipulates that from the day of publication, decision-takers may also give weight to relevant policies in emerging plans unless material considerations indicate otherwise.

The apportionment of this weight is subject to:

- the stage of preparation of the emerging plan;
- the extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies;
- the degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the Framework.

Reference should be made to the Central Bedfordshire Submission Local Plan which should be given limited weight having regard to the above. The following policies are relevant to the consideration of this application:

Policy SP1: Growth Strategy

Policy SP2: National Planning Policy Framework - Presumption in Favour of

Sustainable Development

Policy SP4: Development in the Green Belt

Policy EE4: Trees, woodlands and hedgerows

Policy EE5: Landscape Character and Value

Policy HQ1: High Quality Development

Policy T1: Mitigation of Transport Impacts on the Network

Policy T2: Highway Safety & Design

Policy T3: Parking

Supplementary Planning Guidance/Other Documents

Central Bedfordshire Design Guide (March 2014)

Relevant Planning History:

Case Reference	CB/17/04327/FULL		
Location	10 Copper Beech Way, Leighton Buzzard, LU7 3BD		
Proposal	Erection of one detached dwelling with parking and access.		
	Erection of detached garage to serve 10 Copper Beech Way.		
Decision	Full Application - Refused		
Decision Date	18/12/2017		

Consultees:

Leighton-Linslade Town Council

RESOLVED to recommend to Central Bedfordshire Council that objection be made to application reference CB/18/01001 (10 Copper Beech Way) on the following grounds:

- That no evidence of very special circumstances had been given to justify the proposed development on Green Belt land
- The proposal would have a detrimental impact upon the Area of Special Character
- The overbearing nature of the proposed development on adjoining residential properties
- That the proposal might not meet Central Bedfordshire parking standards
- Concerns regarding visibility, safety and practicality of proposed vehicular access
- Concerns regarding the visual impact on the landscape from the other side of the river and canal (Linslade)

Tree and Landscape Officer

Further to my previous consultation response made in respect of the application No. CB/17/04327/FULL, I have examined the plans, documents and planning statements relating to this current application, and a further site visit was made on the 1st May 2018. Unfortunately, it was found that the tree described as the "nearest Silver Birch" in my previous consultation response had now been felled, with only a stump remaining.

This unwarranted felling has now merely served to exacerbate the already high adverse visual impact that the development would have on the designated "Area of Special Character" and Public Open Space; removing the very landscaping that could have otherwise helped to integrate any new development (albeit on a smaller scale) into such an area.

In recognition that the layout of the original building is largely the same as for the previous application, where there is little space for mitigating planting between the new dwelling and the POS, and that given the tall profile of this new dwelling, and its the close juxtaposition to the northern boundary, it will result in the visual impact on the surrounding area as being significant as ever.

Therefore, in the absence of any effective landscaping that could mitigate against the bulk of this building, I could not support such a proposal.

13/07/18

I refer to the amended drawings in respect of the height and scale of this building being reduced, and also my previous comments.

May I advise you that if you're are minded to grant consent to this application, then a standard landscaping condition is imposed in order to secure new trees and shrubbery around this new building.

Highways

I refer to the above application for which you have requested my comments. I would advise as follows:

The application proposes the erection of a new dwelling house and attached garage on land adjacent to number 10 Copper Beach Way, Leighton Buzzard. The proposal includes the demolition of the existing double garage serving number 10 and its replacement with a single one. Both these garages are substandard in size to be considered acceptable in parking terms. However, there is ample parking in front of number 10 to be compliant with the Council's requirements.

The proposed dwelling is shown to be served by an existing private drive serving three properties. The drive is 3.3m in width and terminates in an area intended for turning of vehicles but it is used for car parking. The private drive is substandard in its width but it is straight and vehicles entering/leaving it can see each other and wait to avoid conflict on the public highway. The junction of the private drive with the public highway is satisfactory. In a highway context I consider the proposal satisfactory in principle and recommend that the following condition be included if planning approval is to be issued:

(Requests detailed parking layout)

Other Representations:

Neighbours:

Objections summarised:

11 Letters of objection.

- Traffic and Highway Safety
- lack of turning circle
- increase of traffic
- Loss of Amenity & Detrimental to public open space
- Disturbance during construction
- Contrary to Green Belt Policy
- Conflict with 'safer routes to school'
- Contrary to the 'Area of Special Character'

Considerations

1. Principle of Development

- 1.1 The application site is washed over by the South Bedfordshire Green Belt and therefore Section 13 of the National Planning Policy Framework is a key consideration in the determination of this application.
- 1.2 Section 13 explains that the government attaches great importance to Green Belts. The fundamental aim of Green Belt policy is to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open; the essential characteristics of Green Belts are their openness and their permanence.
- 1.3 Paragraph 134 sets out the five purposes of Green Belt, which includes preventing neighbouring towns from merging into each other and assisting in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.
- 1.4 Paragraph 143 states that inappropriate development within the Green Belt is by definition harmful to the Green Belt and should not be approved except in very special circumstances.
- 1.5 Paragraph 144 states that, when considering any planning application, local planning authorities should ensure that substantial weight is given to any harm to the Green Belt. 'Very special circumstances will not exist unless the potential harm to the Green Belt by reason of inappropriateness, and any other harm, is clearly outweighed by other considerations.
- 1.6 In conclusion, the proposal would represent inappropriate development within the Green Belt.
- 1.7 The agent's supporting statement states a case for very special circumstances to justify the development.
- 1.8 Paragraph 145 of the National Planning Policy Framework states that limited infilling in villages, and limited affordable housing for local community needs under policies set out in the Local Plan are acceptable. This proposal is not considered to constitute infilling as the site is not within a village. (Leighton Buzzard is not classified as a village) however, it is a useful test to determine whether or not the development could be considered as infill in those circumstances.
- 1.9 No definition of infill is provided within the National Planning Policy Framework or the National Planning Practice Guidance. The Court of Appeal decision sets out that it was common ground that whether or not a proposed development constituted limited infilling in a village was a matter of planning judgement and would depend on an assessment of the position on the ground.
- 1.10 Policy H12 sets out the definition of infill development and considers when infill development will be appropriate. Given the small shortfall in the Council's five year housing land supply, this policy should still be given significant weight. It is judged that the proposal will only comprise acceptable infill development if it complies with the provisions of policy H12 (other than the requirement for the site to be located within the designated infill boundaries of villages within category 2, which is not consistent with the NPPF).
- 1.11 Policy H12 states:

LIMITED INFILLING WILL BE PERMITTED IN VILLAGES WITHIN CATEGORY 2 AS SET OUT IN POLICY GB3 OF THIS PLAN, PROVIDED:

(i) THE SITE IS WITHIN THE INFILLING BOUNDARIES DEFINED FOR THE VILLAGE ON THE PROPOSALS MAP.

- (ii) THE PROPOSAL IS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT, FOR UP TO TWO DWELLINGS OF A SMALL GAP IN AN OTHERWISE BUILT UP RESIDENTIAL FRONTAGE (UNLESS A LARGE SITE IS SPECIFICALLY PROPOSED IN THIS LOCAL PLAN).
- (iii) THE DWELLING OR DWELLINGS PROPOSED HAVE A PLOT SIZE AND FRONTAGE LENGTH WHICH IS SIMILAR TO THOSE OF ADJOINING FRONTAGE PROPERTIES.
- 1.12 Point (i) is not considered to be consistent with the NPPF and is therefore not given weight in the determination of this application.
- 1.13 In respect of point (ii) the proposal is for a single dwelling. The character to the south of site comprises larger dwellings situated on spacious plots. The character to the north and east comprises a closer grain of development comprising modestly sized semi-detached houses. Due to the urban grain of development in the vicinity of the site and considering the similarity in plot size with number 10 Copper Beech Way, the site is considered to be part of a built up residential frontage.
- 1.14 In respect of point (iii) it is acknowledged that the proposed plot size and frontage length would be much more constrained than the properties to the south. However, property plot sizes in the wider area would be commensurate with the proposed site.
- 1.15 Point (iv) requires a more detailed examination on the impact of the proposal on the setting of the site and the character of the area. It is considered that, by definition, infill must be capable of being carried out without having a detrimental impact on the character and appearance of the area. If the development cannot be implemented without adversely changing the character of the area, for example urbanising the area or extending the built form of a village, then it cannot be defined as infill.
- 1.16 Policy BE8 of the South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review requires development proposals to enhance and reinforce the character of the area and to complement and harmonise with local surroundings.
- 1.17 In this location the character of the immediate locale is varied, with open space to the west and a more built-up feel to the north. The Agent has revised the design of dwelling by reducing it to one storey and removing the planned detached garage. Although the proposal would consolidate development in this location, the impact is not considered to be harmful to the character of the area.
- 1.18 Although the site does not constitute infilling as it is not within a village the test criteria of Policy H12 are considered to be met.
- 1.19 Policy BE8 of the South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review requires development proposals to enhance and reinforce the character of the area and to complement and harmonise with local surroundings.
- 1.20 In this location the character of the immediate locale is spacious, with open space to the west. The proposal would consolidate development in this location, creating a more built-up feel to the locality, however, the important gap between the application site and the dwellings to the north of the site would be retained, albeit to a slightly lesser degree, therefore, the distinctive gap which contributes positively to the open character of the area and the openness of the Green Belt would be retained.
- 1.21 To qualify as an exception to the normal presumption against inappropriate development in the Green Belt, the proposed development must also

- demonstrate that it has no greater impact than the existing use on the purposes of including land within the Green Belt.
- 1.22 Paragraph 144 of the NPPF states that when considering any planning application, local planning authorities should ensure that substantial weight is given to any harm to the Green Belt. 'Very special circumstances' will not exist unless the potential harm to the Green Belt by reason of inappropriateness, and any other harm, is clearly outweighed by other considerations.
- 1.23 The Agent has put forward a case for 'Very Special Circumstances' which are summarised below:
 - 1. The proposal constitutes limited infilling
 - 2. The Council's Green Belt Study identifies the as making a relatively weak contribution to four of the five purposes of the Green Belt
 - 3. The application site lies just within the Green Belt boundary where it extends from the open countryside across the woodland and over the open space and the residential curtilage of No. 10 Copper Beech Way. Walls, woodland, hedgerows, treelines etc constitute moderate strength boundaries.
 - 4. The Green Belt boundary of the application site lacks clear definition between built development and open countryside. The site is the curtilage of an existing dwelling, it is reasonably well contained by development, and is not visible from wider views of the Green Belt.
- 1.24 On balance, considering the appraisal of the VSC's below, the proposal is not considered to have a significantly harmful impact on the character and appearance of the area and thus would not conflict with Policy BE8 of the South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review. Additionally, it is considered that the case for 'very special circumstances'

2. Harm to the Openess of the Green Belt

- 2.1 The proposal would cause harm by reason of inappropriateness, however, when assessing harm, it important to consider the five purposes of the Green Belt:
 - a) to check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas;
 - b) to prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another;
 - c) to assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment;
 - d) to preserve the setting and special character of historic towns; and
 - e) to assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.

In terms of the five purposes set out above, the proposed development would be well contained within the boundaries of the existing residential curtilage and would not result in unrestricted sprawl of the built up area given that the site is located centrally within a town, it would not result in coalescence with any other settlement, it would not encroach into the open countryside given the site is within a town, it would not affect the setting or special historic character of the town, and it would recycle existing settlement related land ie: residential curtilage.

2.2 In this respect it is considered that the proposal would not conflict with the five purposes of including land in the Green Belt.

2.3 Harm to Openness

As part of the new Local Plan for the whole of Central Bedfordshire a number of technical studies have been undertaken including a review of the Green Belt. The purpose of the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study (2017) is to test the performance of the Green Belt against the five purposes of Green Belt as identified within the NPPF, and to identify any areas which may be performing less well in Green Belt terms. The initial Study was undertaken in two stages to isolate areas of the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt which perform relatively weakly against the Green Belt purposes and are therefore likely to cause less harm to the Green Belt if released for development. A further Stage 3 study has also been carried out to support the LPCBC and for the purpose of assessing sites for potential inclusion in the emerging plan. The Stage 1 assessment identifies the application site as having a weak, and relatively weak contribution to four of the five purposes of the Green Belt. The assessment notes the parcel consists entirely of woodland except for a smaller area of amenity grassland in the east and one individual dwelling (the application site). The assessment notes Woodland typically has a weak relationship with the settlement and the parcel is almost entirely contained by residential development and so has a weak relationship with the wider countryside.

- 2.4 The Stage 2 assessment concludes, "The parcel relates more strongly to the settlement than to the wider countryside and so makes a relatively weak contribution to Green Belt purposes. The bridleway that runs along the northern edge of the parcel would constitute a relatively strong potential alternative Green Belt boundary that would be simpler in form than the extended existing Green Belt edge defined by the parcel's woodland boundaries.".
- 2.5 Having regard to this detailed assessment of the site and surrounding area, it is considered that the harm to openness would be extremely limited. Additionally, the proposed development would not conflict with the five purposes for including land within the Green Belt, which is endorsed by the recent Green Belt Studies undertaken as part of the technical studies to support the Central Bedfordshire Local Plan. The site has a better relationship with the edge of a large built-up area rather than surrounding countryside. In conclusion, these circumstances are material considerations in the determination of this application which collectively amount to 'Very Special Circumstances'.

2.6 Conclusion on harm

It is considered that the potential harm which would result from the development would not be significant and the applicant has demonstrated very special circumstances to clearly outweigh the potential harm to the Green Belt.

3. Impact on the character and appearance of the Area

- 3.1 South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review in Policy BE8 states that proposals should take full account of the need for, or opportunities to enhance or reinforce the character and local distinctiveness of the area; and that the size, scale, density, massing, orientation, materials and overall appearance of the development should complement and harmonise with the local surroundings, particularly in terms of adjoining buildings and spaces and longer views. Design Supplement 1 of the Central Bedfordshire Design Guide states that proposals should be visually distinctive and should be designed as a sensitive response to their site and its setting.
- 3.2 Section 11 of the NPPF states that the planning system should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by protecting and enhancing valued landscapes.

- 3.3 The site does lie within an 'Area of Special Character' as defined within the South Bedfordshire Local Plan however this local designation is not proposed to be retained as part of the emerging Central Bedfordshire Local Plan. Although it cannot be given some weight in the determination of the application, it is a useful policy which sets out the unique character of the locality and is considered to be relevant taken together with the consideration of the proposal in the context of the local character and distinctiveness of the area.
- To the north of the application site there lies an area of open space. While the proposed dwelling would be visible from views within the open space, the area to the north, east and south of the open space comprises built form.
- 3.5 The open space is a relatively small area of grass contained between existing housing. It is not an area readily visible from the wider surroundings, not does it offer wider views of open countryside. The introduction of an additional dwelling would not significantly visually harm the area.
- 3.6 During consideration of the refused application CB/17/04327/Full, the Tree and Landscape Officer raised concern that there is limited space along the site boundary to allow landscaping to be planted as mitigation. However, the proposed dwelling has now been reduced in size. the narrowest point between the proposed dwelling and the site boundary is 2m which allows adequate space for a laurel hedge or similar screening to be planted on the boundary. This will provide a softer edge to the development and will be no different to the existing conifer hedge that currently existing along the boundary in part.
- 3.7 The Tree and Landscape Officer has objected to this current application because the owners have removed a silver birch tree which provided screening of the site.
- 3.8 There are clear views into and across the site from the adjacent area of Public Open Space. If housing was erected on the land it would be clearly visible from longer views. The proposal would alter the open character of the existing built development, however, this harm could be mitigated by the implementation of a robust landscaping scheme.
- 3.9 On balance and subject to a condition requiring a robust Landscaping Scheme, the proposal would be not be detrimental to the local character of the area and as such, the proposal would be in accordance with the principles of good design set out in the NPPF, and Policies BE6 and BE8 of the South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review.

4. Amenity

- 4.1 South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review policy BE8 and the Central Bedfordshire Design Guide require new development to be of high quality and appropriate in scale and design to its setting as well as contributing positively to creating a sense of place and respecting local distinctiveness. Furthermore, development must respect the amenity of neighbouring occupiers and provide high quality living conditions for future occupiers.
- 4.2 The Design Guide includes a back to back distance of 21m which should be achieved between dwellings to ensure privacy is maintained. The proposed dwelling has no 'back to back' relationship conflict, there is one adjoining property (10 Copper Beech Way), however, the spacing and placing of fenestration mitigates against any mutual overlooking.
- 4.3 The Design Guide requires that for dwellings with 3 or more bedrooms, the minimum area for rear gardens should be 60m2 with a depth of 12m. Where dwellings have awkward shaped plots side gardens could be taken into account. The proposal affords a generous garden area for future residents.

4.4 Whilst cycle storage facilities have not been identified on the indicative plan, this could be secured by condition as part of a planning permission.

5. Highway Considerations

5.1 The proposal complies with Design Guidance both is terms of layout and parking provision, therefore, subject to condition, the Highways Officer raises no objection to the proposal.

6. Other Considerations

6.1 **Human Rights issues:**

The application raises no Human Rights issues.

Equality Act 2010:

The application raises no Equality Act matters.

Recommendation:

That Planning Permission be APPROVED for the following:

RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS / REASONS

The development hereby permitted shall begin not later than three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: To comply with Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

No development shall take place, notwithstanding the details submitted with the application, until details of the materials to be used for the external walls and roofs of the development hereby approved have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall thereafter be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: To control the appearance of the building in the interests of the visual amenities of the locality. (Section 12, NPPF)

No development shall take place until a landscaping scheme to include all hard and soft landscaping and a scheme for landscape maintenance for a period of five years following the implementation of the landscaping scheme have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved scheme shall be implemented by the end of the full planting season immediately following the completion and/or first use of any separate part of the development (a full planting season means the period from October to March). The trees, shrubs and grass shall subsequently be maintained in accordance with the approved landscape maintenance scheme and any which die or are destroyed during this period shall be replaced during the next planting season.

Reason: To ensure an acceptable standard of landscaping. (Sections 12 &15, NPPF)

The parking scheme shown on approved drawing ref: 18/FM/101 Rev A shall be fully implemented before the development is first occupied or brought into use and thereafter retained for this purpose.

Reason: To ensure provision for car parking clear of the highway. (Section 9, NPPF)

Prior to the occupation of any dwelling on the site, a scheme for the provision of waste receptacles for each dwelling shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The receptacles shall be provided before occupation takes place.

Reason: In the interest of residential amenity and to reduce waste generation in accordance with the Council's Minerals and Waste Local Plan 2014, Policy WSP5 and the adopted SPD "Managing Waste in New Developments" (2006).

Notwithstanding the provisions of Part 1, Class A of Schedule 2 to the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or any order revoking and re-enacting that Order with or without modification), no extensions to the buildings hereby permitted shall be carried out without the grant of further specific planning permission from the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To control the external appearance of the buildings in the interests of the amenities of the area. (Section 12, NPPF)

Notwithstanding the provisions of Part 1 Class E of Schedule 2 to the Town and Country (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (or any order revoking and re-enacting that Order with or without modification), no buildings or other structures shall be erected or constructed within the curtilage of the property without the grant of further specific planning permission from the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To control the development in the interests of the visual amenity of the area.

(Section 12, NPPF)

The development hereby permitted shall not be carried out except in complete accordance with the details shown on the submitted plans, numbers 18/FM/101 Rev A, 18/FM/112 Rev A, 18/FM/113 Rev A &18/FM/114 Rev A.

Reason: To identify the approved plans and to avoid doubt.

INFORMATIVE NOTES TO APPLICANT

- 1. In accordance with Article 35 (1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015, the reason for any condition above relates to the Policies as referred to in the South Bedfordshire Local Plan Review (SBLPR) and the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF).
- 2. This permission relates only to that required under the Town & Country Planning Acts and does not include any consent or approval under any other enactment or under the Building Regulations. Any other consent or approval which is necessary must be obtained from the appropriate authority.
- 3. The applicant is advised that no works associated with the construction of the vehicular access should be carried out within the confines of the public highway without prior consent, in writing, of the Central Bedfordshire Council. Upon receipt of this Notice of Planning Approval, the applicant is advised to write to Central Bedfordshire Council's Highway Help Desk, Priory House, Monks Walk, Chicksands, Shefford, Bedfordshire, SG17 5TQ quoting the Planning Application number and supplying a copy of the Decision Notice and a copy of the approved plan. This will enable the necessary consent and procedures under Section 184 of the Highways Act to be implemented. The applicant is also advised that if any of the works associated with the construction of the vehicular access affects or requires the removal and/or the relocation of any equipment, apparatus or structures (e.g. street name plates, bus stop signs or shelters, statutory authority equipment etc.) then the applicant will be required to bear the cost of such removal or alteration.

Statement required by the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 - Part 6, Article 35

Discussion with the applicant to seek an acceptable solution was not necessary in this instance. The Council has therefore acted pro-actively to secure a sustainable form of development in line with the requirements of the Framework (paragraphs 186 and 187) and in accordance with the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015.

DECISION		