

Improving outcomes for Frail Older People

Outcomes

Older People stay well at home longer

Older people with dementia and their carers feel supported to manage their dementia

Cross Cutting:
Reducing inequalities by tackling the wider determinants
Prevention and Early Intervention
Acting upon patient and customer experience
Safeguarding and ensuring high quality integrated services

There are around 20,000 people aged 75 years and above in Central Bedfordshire and approximately 1,500 are known to have dementia, thought to represent about 68% of the total number of people affected.

	Latest Data	DoT	Latest Data	Target	Current Status	England
Total non-elective admissions into hospital (general & acute) all-age per 100,000 pop (Monthly)	Sep 16	↓	834	770	🟡	n/a
Permanent Admissions of Older People (65+) to residential & nursing care homes (BCF)	Sep 16	↓	185.5	217.7	★	n/a
Proportion of 65+ still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital	Sep 16	↓	82.4	95.5	🔴	n/a
Emergency hospital admissions due to falls (65+) per 100,000	Mar 15	↓	2,016			n/a
Dementia diagnosis rate (65+)	Sep 16	n/a	60.2 %	66.7 %	🟡	67.7 %
Social isolation-Adult carers who have as much contact as they would like	Mar 14	↓	41.0 %	41.6 %	🟡	38.0 %
Delayed transfers of care (days) from hospital per 100,000 pop.	Sep 16	↓	191.6	144.2	🔴	n/a

▲ Target missed by 10% or more
 ● Target missed by less than 10%
 ★ Target achieved
▲ Performance is improving
 ➡ Performance remains unchanged
 ▼ Performance is worsening

Permanent admissions of older people (65+) to residential & nursing care homes remain a focus of the Better Care Plan Schemes with a number of actions in place including scrutiny of packages of care to ensure that all alternatives have been explored to help people to remain in their own homes. The development of more independent living (extra care) accommodation will help to mitigate admissions into residential care.

The proportion of people aged 65+ still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital has previously only reported on the Council's reablement service. An agreement has delivered data for Community Health Services Provider (SEPT). This data is under review for accuracy.

The rate shown for Delayed transfers of care from hospital in September equates to 416 delayed days of which 89 were from Social care and 11 from both health and social care. The reason for 39 of the 89 social care delays were due to waiting to move into a residential home and also 34 waiting for a care package in their own home. The provider with the majority of the social care delays in September and August was Bedford Hospital.

The council has repositioned management support for delayed transfers of care to take account of the challenge of supporting discharges from 7 hospitals.